Page 1 of 2

## **General Personnel**

## **Administrative Procedure - Email Retention**

Emails, including attachments, sent or received by the Cooperative or Cooperative employees may be, depending on their content, subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act and/or discovery in litigation as evidence in support of a claim. Employees must use the same standards of judgment, propriety, and ethics with email as they do with other forms of school business-related communications.

Accordingly, employees have the same responsibilities for email messages as they do for any other communication and must distinguish between record and non-record messages. This allows for the proper storage or disposal of email. However, no Cooperative record, no matter its form, may be destroyed if it is subject to a litigation hold. See administrative procedure 2:250-AP2, *Protocols for Record Preservation and Development of Retention Schedules*. For guidance on Board member use and retention of email, see 2:140-E, *Guidance for Board Member Communications, Including Email Use*. For help with these responsibilities, please contact the Cooperative's FOIA Officer.

## Non-Record Messages

Email messages are *non-record messages* if they do not evidence the Cooperative's organization, function, policies, procedures, or activities; or contain informational data appropriate for preservation. These are generally informal or preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, or memoranda that do not contain official action. Examples include:

- 1. Personal correspondence not received or created in the course of Cooperative or school business, such as, "What's for dinner?" or "I'll be glad to drive to the meeting."
- 2. Duplicates of notices concerning meetings or workshops, dates, discussion topics, or material to prepare for or to be discussed during a meeting.
- 3. Publications or promotional material from vendors and similar materials that are sent as part of mass marketing campaigns.
- 4. Correspondence containing recommendations or opinions that are preliminary to a decision, unless appropriate for preservation, e.g., legal opinions.
- 5. Informal correspondence to parents/guardians concerning school activities or an individual student's progress or assignments provided the messages do not contain notice of final or official action.
- 6. Draft material, except when appropriate for preservation, e.g., draft collective bargaining agreement language.

If the email is a *non-record message*, the employee should delete it as soon as its purpose is fulfilled unless the email is subject to a litigation hold. The goal is to control excessive accumulation of material.

## Official Record Messages

Email messages are *official record messages* if they are evidence of the Cooperative's organization, function, policies, procedures, or activities or contain informational data appropriate for preservation. Some examples include:

- 1. Policy documents or contract-related documents.
- 2. Correspondence, e.g., letters, memos, or emails from individuals, companies, or organizations requesting information about the Cooperative or school policies or practices and the responses to these requests.
- 3. Project reports.

Page 2 of 2

- 4. Correspondence dealing with significant aspects of Cooperative administration or a school executive office, including messages containing information concerning policies, programs, fiscal and personnel matters, and contracts.
- 5. Correspondence between Board members regarding Cooperative business.
- 6. Updates provided to a student's parent/guardian about the student's progress or a disciplinary matter.
- 7. Correspondence between administrators regarding an employee investigation.

All messages are kept in the records maintenance location identified by the Records Custodian or Head of Information Technology (IT).

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